

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Issue date: 5/16/2024 Revision date: 5/16/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Maverick 450, 451

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Fuel additives
Restrictions on use : None known

1.3. Supplier

ET Products LLC 747 Douglas Road Bremen, IN 46506 T 800-325-5746

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (Chemical Spills, Leaks, Fire, Exposure or Accident only)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (in the US & Canada)

1-703-527-3887 (Outside the US)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 4

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Combustible liquid

Suspected of causing cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause damage to organs (hearing organs, nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)





Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Combustible liquid

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organs (hearing organs, nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not breathe vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing. If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER, a doctor if you feel unwell. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), foam, dry extinguishing powder to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	CAS-No.: Mixture	30-60
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	30-60
Trimethylbenzenes	CAS-No.: 25551-13-7	<20
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	<2
Cumene	CAS-No.: 98-82-8	< 0.5
Toluene	CAS-No.: 108-88-3	<0.5

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

- : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- : Wash skin with mild soap and water. Get medical advice if skin irritation persists.
- $: \ \ \ \text{Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.}$
- : Aspiration hazard. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek immediate medical advice.

5/16/2024 (Revision date) EN (English US) 2/13

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Inhalation : Inhalation may affect the nervous system causing headache, possibly dizziness, nausea,

weakness, loss of coordination and unconsciousness. Inhalation may cause irritation (cough,

short breathing, difficulty in breathing).

Skin : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Eyes : May cause minor eye irritation.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration hazard.

Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

Chronic symptoms : Damage to central nervous system. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging

fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Combustible liquid.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Fire will produce dense black smoke.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Eliminate all ignition sources.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer

to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or

streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

5/16/2024 (Revision date) EN (English US) 3/13

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid

breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the

product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizers.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH OEL TWA	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; hematologic eff; ototoxycity (for mixtures containing p-xylene); CNS impair. Notations: OTO (for mixtures containing p-xylene); A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	Xylenes (technical or commercial grade)	
BEI (BLV)	0.3 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids (The determinants refer to the total of all isomers of methylhippuric acids) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Remark	Commercial or technical grade xylenes consist of mixtures of isomers and significant amounts of ethyl benzene as indicated under "Properties." Because ethyl benzene is known to reduce the metabolism of xylenes to methylhippuric acids, the BEI applies to technical or commercial grades of xylenes only. The determinants refer to the total of all isomers of methylhippuric acids	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)	
OSHA PEL (TWA)	435 mg/m³	
	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Trimethylbenzenes (25551-13-7)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm		
Cumene (98-82-8)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Cumene		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 ppm		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT adenoma; neurological eff. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Cumene		
OSHA PEL (TWA)	245 mg/m³		
	50 ppm		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Toluene		
ACGIH OEL TWA	20 ppm		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS, visual & hearing impair; female repro system eff; pregnancy loss. Notations: OTO; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024		
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices			
Local name	Toluene		
BEI (BLV)	0.3 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: o-Cresol (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: B 0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift 0.02 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: Prior to last shift of workweek		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Toluene		
OSHA PEL (TWA)	200 ppm		
OSHA PEL (Ceiling)	300 ppm		
Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	500 ppm 10 mins.		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-2		

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use with adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the

occupational exposure limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

5/16/2024 (Revision date) EN (English US) 5/13

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Chemically resistant protective gloves. Consult supplier for specific recommendations.

Eye protection:

Avoid contact with eyes. Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded or exposure levels are excessive, an approved respirator should be used. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear. Liquid.
Color : Amber

Odor: Characteristic SolventOdor threshold: No data availablepH: No data availableMelting point: No data availableFreezing point: No data availableBoiling point: No data available

Flash point : > 187 °F

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapor pressure No data available Relative vapor density at 20°C : No data available Relative density : 0.83 - 0.92 Solubility : Insoluble in water. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available < 20 mm²/s @40C Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic No data available No data available **Explosion limits**

Explosive properties : None.
Oxidizing properties : None.

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

reaction to money (minimum only		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg Source: ECHA	
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	27.124 mg/l/4h	
Trimethylbenzenes (25551-13-7)		
LD50 oral rat	8970 mg/kg	
Cumene (98-82-8)		
LD50 oral rat	1470 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/l	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	39 mg/l/4h	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral)), 95% CL: 5300 - 5910	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, 95% CL: 9,63 - 20,77	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	28.1 mg/l/4h	
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 5.61 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Not classified	

: Not classified

: Not classified

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)		
rm cell mutagenicity : Not classified rcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.		
Suspected of causing cancer.		
3 - Not classifiable		
0 - Not diagoniable		
OD Describbe continuous to home as		
2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen		
3 - Not classifiable		
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.		
way cause drowsiness or dizziness. Way cause respiratory irritation.		
May cause respiratory irritation.		
May cause respiratory irritation.		
may sudde respirately limitation.		
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
May cause damage to organs (hearing organs, nervous system) through prolonged or repeated		
exposure.		
150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)		
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
1250 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)		
600 ppmV/6h/day		
625 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)		
4522		
2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)		
May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, eyes) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).		
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. < 20 mm²/s @40C		
0.74 mm²/s		
(64742-95-6)		
< 1 mm²/s		

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Symptoms/effects : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Inhalation : Inhalation may affect the nervous system causing headache, possibly dizziness, nausea,

weakness, loss of coordination and unconsciousness. Inhalation may cause irritation (cough,

short breathing, difficulty in breathing).

Skin : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Eyes : May cause minor eye irritation.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration hazard.

Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

Chronic symptoms : Damage to central nervous system. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging

fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
Cumene (98-82-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.8 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.14 mg/l EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]
LC50 - Fish [2]	4.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	1.29 – 2.01 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	1.29 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
ErC50 algae	2.01 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	0.35 mg/l daphnia
NOEC chronic fish	0.38 mg/l Quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR)
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.78 mg/l
LC50 - Fish [2]	7.63 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	10 mg/l
LOEC (chronic)	2.76 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.74 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC chronic fish	1.39 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch Duration: '40 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.74 mg/l

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	8.2 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.7 – 5.1 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Maverick 450, 451		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Trimethylbenzenes (25551-13-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Cumene (98-82-8)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Non-Hazardous Ingredients (Mixture)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.15 Source: HSDB

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

	DOT
14.1. UN numb	per
	NA1993

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

DOT

14.2. Proper Shipping Name

Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (CONTAINS: Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Combustible liquid

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment: No

The requirements of the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulations do not apply to a material classed as a combustible liquid in a non-bulk packaging unless the combustible liquid is a hazardous substance, a hazardous waste, or a marine pollutant.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : NA1993

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 148 - For domestic transportation, this entry directs to § 173.66 for: a. The standards for

transporting a single bulk hazardous material for blasting by cargo tank motor vehicles (CTMV); and b. The standards for CTMVs capable of transporting multiple hazardous materials for

blasting in bulk and non-bulk packagings (i.e, a multipurpose bulk truck (MBT)).

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table

2 for UN2672).

T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(2)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 60 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

: 220 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

B A		-1 - 1-	450	451
IVI	ave	rick	450	451

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Refer to Section 2 for OSHA Hazard Classification.

5/16/2024 (Revision date) EN (English US) 11/13

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene CAS-No. 1330-20-7 <2%

Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 100 lb

Cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Trimethylbenzenes (25551-13-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aromatic (64742-95-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Non-Hazardous Ingredients (Mixture)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Cumene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Trimethylbenzenes (25551-13-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Cumene(98-82-8)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Toluene(108-88-3)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

According to 29CFR 1910.1200 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and the Hazardous Products Regulation (WHMIS 2015)

Revision date : 5/16/2024

Data sources : This safety data sheet was compiled with data and information from the following sources :

RTECS, ECOSAR, HSDB, SIDS SIAP, CESAR, Chemical DB.

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant

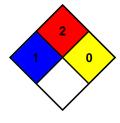
irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively

high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.